Addressing the School Psychology Shortage in Texas through University and School-Based Partnerships



Participating School Psychology Programs













Objectives

This session will help participants

- 1. Learn ways to access grant funding to improve school psychology shortages
- 2. Create partnerships with universities and other local agencies to improve school psychology training, professional development, and grow the workforce
- 3. Reflect on ideas that can be utilized in school districts to improve the ratio of school psychologists to students, thus improving access to services

NASP On Shortages

- Shortages in school psychology have the potential to reduce the availability of high quality services to students.
- When schools experience shortages in school psychology staff, they cannot allow these professionals to do the full range of their jobs.
- As a result, in Texas students are underserved, and school psychologists may experience job-related burnout due to focusing exclusively on assessment.



NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF School Psychologists

NASP PRACTICE MODEL





NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF School Psychologists

RATIOS IN TEXAS

- Our ratios in Texas have exceeded the recommended ratio by 5-6X
- Here is a comparison over an eight-year time span:

	2014-15	2022-23
School psychologists employed in public schools	1,699	2,109
Students enrolled in public schools	5,232,065	5,518,432
Ratio	1: 3,079	1: 2,617

 Seeing some minimal improvements, but we have a long way to go! Recommended NASP Ratio: 1 school psychologist for every 500 students

Area/Region	Ratio	Employed LSSPs	Student Enrollment	Average Salary	Employed Diags	Employed Counselors
Area 1	1:3,403	508.65	1,730,790	\$71,316.75	2,005.28	4,599.48
Region 7-Kilgore	1:3,174	57.32	181,949	\$66,927.00	244.58	429.78
Region 8- Mt. Pleasant	1:10568	5.29	55,907	\$71,286.00	82.88	148.47
Region 10- Richardson	1:3,766	237.79	895.391	\$72,094.00	968.22	2.406.97
Region 11- Fort Worth	1:2.869	208.25	597.543	\$74,960.00	709.60	1.614.26
Area/Region	Ratio	Employed LSSPs	Student Enrollment	Average Salary	Employed Diags	Employed Counselors
Area 2	1:6.623	38.90	257.649	\$75,789.50	238.44	690.06
Region 18- Midland	1:8.352	11.00	91.871	\$73,166.00	81.00	221.28
Region 19- El Paso	1:5.942	27.90	165.778	\$78,413.00	157.44	468.78
Area/Region	Ratio	Employed LSSPs	Student Enrollment	*		Employed Counselors
Area 3	1:2.374	563.38	1.337.339	\$72.635.50	1.392.23	2.974.72
Region 4- Houston	1:2,248	557.38	1,252,934	\$76,329.00	1,279.60	2,768.72
•	1:14.068	6.00	84.405	\$68.942.00	112.63	206.00
Region 5- Beaumont Area/Region	1:14,008 Ratio	Employed LSSPs	Student Enrollment	*		Employed Counselors
Area 4	1:2,034	385.89	784,945	\$69,755.00	637.40	1,898.05
Region 6- Huntsville	1:2,648	82.93	219,595	\$76,864.00	243.64	486.78
Region 12- Waco	1:3,329	53.41	177,783	\$65,306.00	207.93	487.33
Region 13- Austin	1:1,553	249.55	387,567	\$67,095.00	185.83	923.94
Area/Region	Ratio	Employed LSSPs	Student Enrollment	Average Salary		Employed Counselors
Area 5	1:1,583	350.92	555,434	\$68,985.50	192.98	1,444.91
Region 15- San Angelo	1:3,456	14.54	50,253	\$68,167.00	66.56	165.75
Region 20- San Antonio Area/Region	1:1,502 Ratio	336.38 Employed LSSPs	505,181 Student Enrollment	\$69,804.00	126.42	1,279.16 Employed Counselors
Area 6	1:3.540	75.78	268.278	\$63.895.00	388.46	766.71
Region 9- Wichita Falls	1:4,346	8.50	36,941	\$66,128.00	70.69	113.46
Region 14- Abilene	1:2,997	22.29	66,801	\$63,534.00	67.92	161.87
Region 16- Amarillo	1:3,727	21.82	81,327	\$64,323.00	115.30	217.40
Region 17- Lubbock	1:3,591	23.17	83,209	\$61,595.00	134.55	273.98
Area/Region	Ratio	Employed LSSPs	Student Enrollment	Average Salary	Employed Diags	Employed Counselors
Area 7	1:3,150	185.37	583,997	\$71,510.67	503.85	1,747.75
Region 1- Edinburg	1:3,277	134.07	439,336	\$74,247.00	344.72	1,343.29
Region 2- Corpus Christi	1:3,334	28.81	96,042	\$69,897.00	92.52	270.26
Region 3- Victoria	1:2,162	22.49	48,619	\$70,388.00	66.61	134.20
Statewide Totals Salaries	1:2,617	2,108.89	5,518,432	\$72,244.00	5,358.64 \$71,947.00	14,121.68 \$71,945.00

Data sources: TEA 2022-2023 and

BHEC licensing data

Region 8- Mt. Pleasant

Region 10- Richardson

Region 11- Fort Worth

Region 18- Midland

Region 19- El Paso

Region 4- Houston

Region 5- Beaumont

Region 6- Huntsville

Region 12- Waco

Region 13- Austin Area/Region

Region 15- San Angelo Region 20- San Antonio

Region 9- Wichita Falls

Region 14- Abilene

Region 16- Amarillo

Region 17- Lubbock

Region 1- Edinburg

Region 3- Victoria

Region 2- Corpus Christi

Area/Region

Area/Region

Area/Region

Area/Region

Area 2

Area 3

Area 4

Area 5

Area 6

Area/Region

Area/Region Area 7

Region 7-Kilgore

Area 1

Active Number of LSSP Licenses Employed LSSP's in Schools

989 125 17

411

62

17

45

Active Number of LSSP Licenses

993

984

9

908

198

130

580

Active Number of LSSP Licenses

534

28

506

151

16

36

39

60

Active Number of LSSP Licenses

267

172

52

43

108 counties do not have school psychologists = 42.5%

Active Number of LSSP Licenses Employed LSSP's in Schools

Active Number of LSSP Licenses

436

57.32 5.29 Active Number of LSSP Licenses Employed LSSP's in Schools

237.79 208.25 38.90 11.00 27.90

385.89

82.93

53.41

249.55

Employed LSSP's in Schools

350.92

14.54

336.38

75.78

8.50

22.29

21.82

23.17

Employed LSSP's in Schools

185.37

134.07

28.81

22.49

508.65

Employed LSSP's in Schools 563.38 557.38 6.00

66.7 Employed LSSP's in Schools

50.7 62.7 64.7 62.0 56.7 56.6

Data compiled by TASP Shortage and

Data should not be edited or modified.

% Employed in Schools

51.4

45.9

31.1

Workforce Committee

54.5 % Employed in Schools % Employed in Schools

42.5

41.9

41.1

53.1

61.9

55.9

38.6

% Employed in Schools

69.4

77.9

55.4

52.3

% Employed in Schools

43.0

% Employed in Schools

65.7 51.9 66.5 % Employed in Schools 50.2

OTHER TRENDS TO CONSIDER

- Aging workforce
- Recruitment
- Attrition
- Graduate program resources
- Faculty shortages
- State of public education





OFFICE OF **Elementary & Secondary Education**

Mental Health Service Professional Demonstration Grant Program

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Mental Health Service Professional Demonstration Grant Program provides competitive grants to support and demonstrate innovative partnerships to train school-based mental health service providers for employment in schools and local educational agencies (LEAs).

TYPES OF PROJECTS

Projects should support and demonstrate innovative partnerships to train school-based mental health service providers for employment in schools and local educational agencies (LEAs).

GRANT FUNDING RESOURCES



Creating Targeted
Undergraduate Pathways
to Build the Professional
Identity and Leadership of
Future School Psychologists





Overview



UHV School Psychology program



Katy ISD Demographics



Problem Identification and Grant Goals



Step 1 Data and Next Steps

Fast Facts about UHV

Hispanic Serving Institution

 ~40% of UHV students identify as Hispanic/Latino

Total enrollment = 3,878 (Fall 2023)

- Undergraduate population = 2,773
- Graduate population = 1,118
- Psychology majors made up 11.7% of UHV graduates in 2021

Campuses in Victoria and Katy

- Victoria = destination university
- Katy =
 upper division
 undergraduates
 and grad students

UHV School Psychology

Program Highlights

- Hybrid model (face-to-face and online coursework)
- Students can attend at either campus
- Designed to cater to working professionals
- Fully NASP accredited until 2028
- Operating near maximum NASP ratio capacity



UHV School Psychology



UHV School Psychology at TASP 2022

Student Highlights

- 60% of students identify as a racial or ethnic minority
- 45% are proficient in a second language
- Alumni are working in Katy, Alief, Lamar, Fort Bend, CyFair, Victoria, El Campo, Bay City, Pasadena, College Station, Corpus Christi

Fast Facts about Katy ISD

Diverse School District

Diverse district:

- 36% Hispanic
- 27% White
- 17% Asian
- 15% African
 American
- 18.4% identified as Bilingual/ESL
- 39.7% identified as economically disadvantaged

Total enrollment = 94,903 (Fall 2023)

- Katy ISD has a projected growth rate of 1-2.5% each year through 2032
- Expected to be
 101,156 by 2027
 (final year of grant)

Current School Psychologists

- 55.5 currently employed
- 10 interns
- 12 vacancies
- Ratio of 1:1449
- To meet NASP's 1:500 ratio, Katy ISD would need 202 school psychologists by 2027

Katy Independent School District

Problem Identification

- UHV has a sizeable population of undergraduate students, including many psychology majors, who may be unaware of the school psychology as a career.
- UHV has a diverse student body that could contribute to the diversification of the school psychology workforce.
- Katy ISD has a growing population of K-12 students, many of whom are culturally, linguistically, and/or ethnically diverse.
- Many of these students need comprehensive schoolbased mental health services.
- Katy ISD needs more school psychologists, particularly from diverse backgrounds.

Grant Overview



UHV was awarded \$1.5 million dollars over the next 5 years to train future school psychologists from the end of their undergraduate training through licensure



Partnership with Katy ISD, including all field training and paid internship, with the goal of employment



Students will have strategic involvement with TASP and NASP to enhance their leadership skills

Grant Goals

STEP 1:

Expose undergrads to school psychology

STEP 2:

Immerse undergrads in school psychology through experiential learning

STEP 3:

Graduate training and field-based mentorship in school psychology

STEP 4:

Build professional identity and leadership skills as future school psychologists

STEP 5:

Increase the number of school psychologists serving Katy ISD

STEP 1: Expose Undergrads to School Psychology

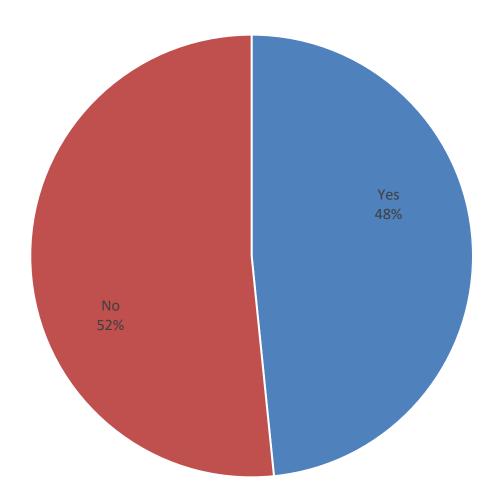


In the Spring and Summer of 2023, **682** UHV undergraduates were exposed to school psychology as a career.

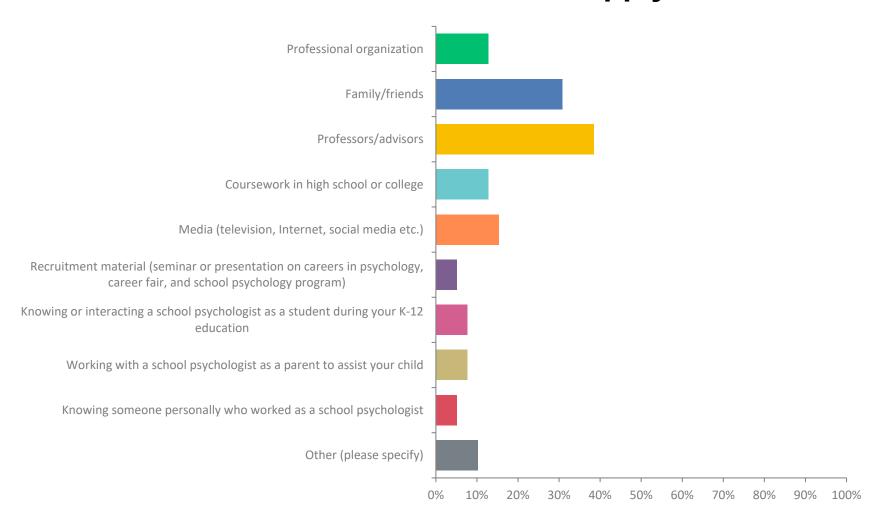


In the Spring and Summer of 2023, three panels on school psychology were held, exposing **142** people to school psychology as a career.

Q11: Attending this presentation was the first time I heard of school psychology.

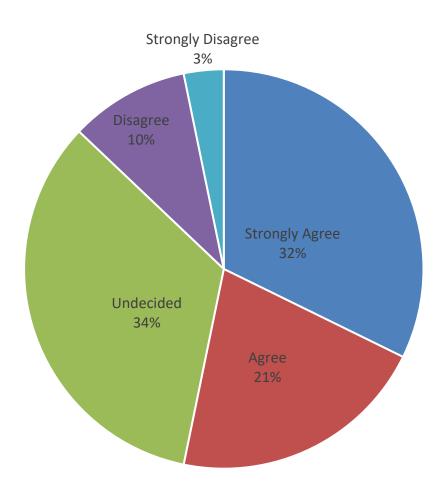


Q12: If you had heard of school psychology before the presentation, how did you hear about it? Please check all that apply.

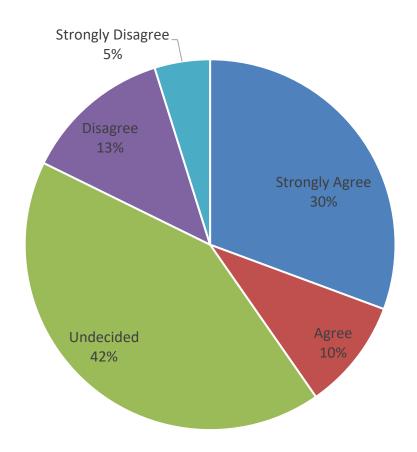




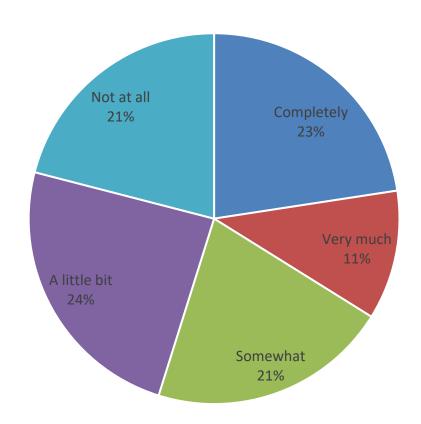
Q14: After listening to the presentation, I would like to learn more about school psychology.



Q15: After listening to the presentation, I would take specific undergraduate coursework to learn more about school psychology, such as an Introduction to School Psychology class.



Q17: After listening to the presentation, how interested are you in applying to a graduate program in School Psychology after graduation?



STEP 2: Immerse undergrads in school psychology through experiential learning



In the Fall of 2023, **49** UHV undergraduates were enrolled in Introduction to School Psychology course.



In Spring 2024, there will be an undergraduate internship for UHV students in Katy ISD.



Applications for the grant cohort are open and are due February 15, 2024.

What Can You Do?



Reach out to local community colleges or universities to create partnerships



Consider talking to undergraduate courses about school psychology to create awareness



Consider teaching adjunct courses at the undergraduate level to help students learn from school psychologists



Create opportunities for undergraduate shadowing and internships in your districts

QUESTIONS?



Dr. Elise Hendricker hendrickere@uhv.edu

Dr. Melanie Lemanski lemanskim@uhv.edu

Tanya Weaver, M.S., S.S.P MHSP Grant Coordinator SchoolPsychGrant@uhv.edu



University of Houston Clear Lake



Gill Strait, Ph.D., LP, LSSP, NCSP

Associate Professor

School Psychology, SSP Program Director

Health Service Psychology, PsyD

Emily Horton, Ph.D., LPC, RPT

Assistant Professor

Clinical Mental Health Counseling

University of Houston-Clear Lake





>2 million

(SAMHSA, 2019; Kataoka et al., 2002; Hoagwood & Johsnon, 2003; Olfson et al., 2015)



Barriers to Access

- Shortage of Professional Mental Health Providers
 - High turn over-rates
 - General public has limited exposure to field
 - Graduate school costs
- Lack of Efficient, Feasible, and Culturally Equitable and Responsive Evidence-Based Interventions and Measures
 - Under-resourced communities
 - Rates of unmet need greatest amongst minoritized communities

Empowering Horizon's Goals

Table 1: C	Table 1: Overview of Project Goals				
Goal 1	Increase at-risk middle school students' access to a culturally responsive Tier II school-based modular mental health treatment by training and supervising School Psychology, School Counseling, and Clinical Mental Health graduate students to implement and support paraprofessionals' implementation of group instrumental mentoring.				
Goal 2	Increase low-income and/or underrepresented student enrollment in School Psychology, School Counseling, and Clinical Mental Health graduate programs by a) providing paraprofessionals with support and positive experiences delivering evidence-based tier II culturally responsive school-based mental health treatments, and b) providing 1 st and 2 nd year graduate students with financial support.				
Goal 3	Increase the number of School Psychology, School Counseling, and Clinical Mental Health graduates' students who complete practicums, internships, and/or early post-graduate careers in high-need LEA by providing 1 st and 2 nd year students with positive and supportive experiences implementing and supervising implementation of school-based mental health treatments within high-need middle schools.				
Goal 4	Continuously adapt and improve training, supervision, and treatment elements by using mixed methods to evaluate and understand a) stakeholders, b) affect utility, c) knowledge, d) skills, e) recommendations for cultural adaptations, and f) results of the program on building capacity and to improve school-based mental health outcomes.				

Goals of the Grant





Task Shifting

- Redistribution of tasks to people with fewer qualifications or less extensive training
 - The highly qualified supervise (i.e., school psychologists)
- 40 years of research supports the diffusion of psychological intervention tasks



Task Shifting Candidates

- Paraprofessionals
 - No graduate training or license
 - Paid less than professionals
 - 12 school-based paras to 1 school psychologist (Strait et al., 2020)
 - School-Based and Local Community
 - Teacher Aids
 - Undergraduates
 - Other Local Volunteers (e.g., youth mentors)

Added Benefit-Exposure to the field to increase enrollment



Task Diffusion through Brief Instrumental School-Based Mentoring (BISBM)

Train and supervise mentors in EBPs

Guide youth to set goals

Teach skills to achieve value-based goals

F

BISBM Theory of Change

- Kirkpatrick's (2006) 4 Level Training Evaluation Model
- Motivational Interviewing (Miller & Rollnick, 2013; Strait et al., 2012; Strait et al., 2019)
- Modular Evidence-Based Kernels and Practices (Embyry & Biglan, 2008)
- Cultural Responsiveness and Adaptation (Peterson et al., 2016)
 - Current Processes
 - Develops treatment goals based on student values
 - Flexible approaches (instructional and non-instructional)
 - Formative evaluation
 - Collecting stakeholders' feedback and refining

Current Curriculum

- Session 1: Value Card Sort (MI)
 - Discussion of group norms: Compassion, Acceptance, Partner, Engage, and Safe (CAPES)
- Session 2 to 4
 - Organization, Goal Setting, and Module Selection
- Sessions 5 to 7
 - Modules
- Session 8:
 - Module and Celebrate Successes.

Example of Current Modules

Module 1: Learning your A. B. C.'s Module 2: Expository Reading

Module 3: Changing your G.P.A.

Module 4: Motivation

Module 5: Planning for the Future

Module 6: Feedback

Module 7: Relaxation

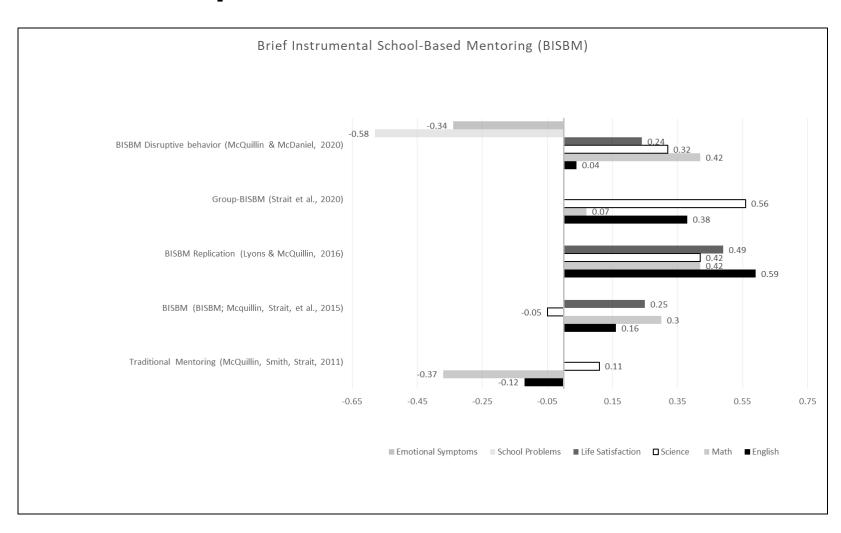
Module 8: Tech and Self

Module 9: Study Skills Module 10: Coping with Stress

Module 11:
Conflict
Resolution

Module 12:
Time
management

Evolution of BISBM: Developmental to Instrumental



The Basic Plan

- Paraprofessionals
 - Stipend to learn and implement Group-BISBM
 - Undergraduates
 - School-Based
 - Currently
 - 3 School-Based
 - Recruiting Undergraduates
- 1st Year School Psychology and Counseling Students
 - Stipend to learn and implement Group-BISBM
 - Currently:
 - 5 School Psychology Students
 - 4 Counseling Students
- 2nd Year School Psychology and Counseling Students
 - Stipend to supervise 1st years and Para's Implementation
 - Starts next year
- Faculty provide training, direct, and umbrella supervision
- School Liaison



The Context

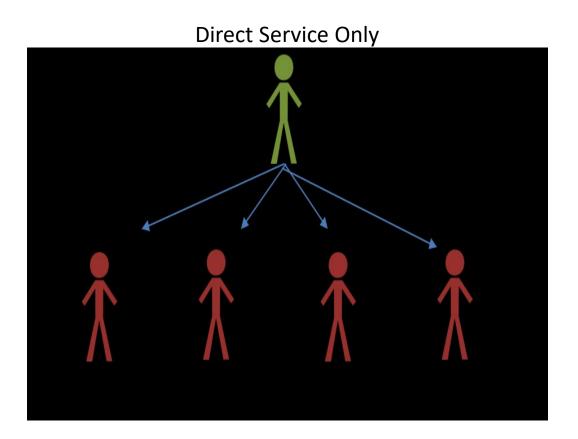
Table 2: Galena Park ISD Student Demographics	Count	Percentage
Economically Disadvantaged	18,883	88%
At-Risk*	15,886	74%
Bilingual	16,836	79%
Special Education Program Participants	2,392	11.2%
Section 504 Plans	787	3.7%
Hispanic/LatinX	17,342	80.9%
Black/African American	3,218	15%
White	583	2.7%
Two or more races	131	0.6%
Asian	116	0.5%
American Indian or Native Alaskan	34	0.2%
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	7	0.1%

The Students

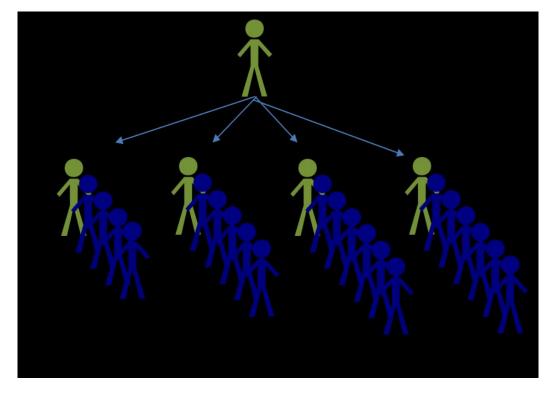
- Students in grades 6-8
 - Parent or teacher referred
 - Considered at-risk based on Texas definition
 - Are under consideration for special education eligibility
 - Have grade point averages below a 3.0, or
 - Have two or more behavioral violations (e.g., office referrals, detention, suspension) in the current or previous semester.

Year	Number of Schools	Students to Serve	Students Served
1	1	80	52
2	2	160	-
3	2	160	-
4	2	160	-
5	2	160	-
Total	-	720	-

Big Idea



Task Diffusion



Questions?



References

- Alegria, M., Vallas, M., & Pumariega, A. J. (2010). Racial and ethnic disparities in pediatric mental health. Child and Adolescent Psychiatric Clinics of North America, 19(4), 759–774. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chc.2010.07.001
- Briesch, A. M., Chafouleas, S. M., Neugebauer, S. R., & Riley-Tillman, T. C. (2013). Assessing influences on intervention implementation: Revision of the Usage Rating Profile-Intervention. Journal of School Psychology, 51(1), 81-96. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsp.2012.08.006
- Durlak, J. (1979). Comparative effectiveness of paraprofessional and professional helpers. Psychological Bulletin, 86(1), 80–92. https://doi.org/10.1037/0033-2909.86.1.80
- Embry, D., & Biglan, A. (2008). Evidence-based kernels: fundamental units of behavioral influence. Clinical Child and Family Psychology Review, 11(3), 75–113. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10567-008-0036-x
- Hattie, J. A., Sharpley, C. F., & Rogers, H. J. (1984). Comparative effectiveness of professional and paraprofessional helpers. Psychological Bulletin, 95(3), 534. https://doi.org/10.1037/0033-2909.95.3.534
- Hoagwood, K., & Johnson, J. (2003). School psychology: A public health framework: I. From evidence-based practices to evidence-based policies. Journal of School Psychology, 41(1), 3-21. https://doi.org/10.1016/S0022-4405(02)00141-3
- Hodgkinson, S., Godoy, L., Beers, L. S., & Lewin, A. (2017). Improving Mental Health Access for Low-Income Children and Families in the Primary Care Setting. Pediatrics, 139(1), e20151175. https://doi.org/10.1542/peds.2015-1175
- Green, C. L., Walker, J. M., Hoover-Dempsey, K. V., & Sandler, H. M. (2007). Parents' motivations for involvement in children's education: An empirical test of a theoretical model of parental involvement. *Journal of educational psychology*, 99(3), 532.
- Karcher, M.J. (2008). The study of mentoring in the learning environment (SMILE): A randomized evaluation of the effectiveness of school-based mentoring. Prevention Science, 9, 99–113.vdoi:10.1007/s11121-008-0083-z
- Kataoka, S. H., Zhang, L., & Wells, K. B. (2002). Unmet need for mental health care among US children: Variation by ethnicity and insurance status. American Journal of Psychiatry, 159(9), 1548-1555.
- Kirkpatrick, D., & Kirkpatrick, J. (2006). Evaluating training programs: The four levels. Berrett-Koehler Publishers.
- McQuillin, S., Smith, B., & Strait, G. (2011). Randomized Evaluation of a Single Semester Transitional Mentoring Program for First Year Middle School Students: A
 Cautionary Result for Brief School-Based Mentoring Programs. Journal of Community Psychology, 39(7), 844-859.
- McQuillin, S., Strait, G., Smith, B., & Ingram, A. (2015). Brief instrumental school-based mentoring for first- and second-year middle school students: A randomized evaluation. *Journal of Community Psychology*, 43(7), 885-899. https://doi.org/10.1002/jcop.21719
- Montgomery, E. C., Kunik, M. E., Wilson, N., Stanley, M. A., & Weiss, B. (2010). Can paraprofessionals deliver cognitive-behavioral therapy to treat anxiety and depressive symptoms?. Bulletin of the Menninger Clinic, 74(1), 45-62.

References Continued...

- Miller, W., & Rollnick, S. (2013). Motivational interviewing: helping people change (Third edition.). Guilford Press.
- Peterson, L. S., Villarreal, V., & Castro, M. J. (2017). Models and frameworks for culturally responsive adaptations of interventions. *Contemporary School Psychology*, 21(3), 181-190.
- Raposa, E. B., Dietz, N., & Rhodes, J. E. (2017). Trends in volunteer mentoring in the United States: Analysis of a decade of census survey data. American Journal of Community Psychology, 59(1-2), 3-14. https://doi.org/10.1002/ajcp.12117
- Strait, G. G., Smith, B. H., McQuillin, S., Terry, J., Swan, S., & Malone, P. S. (2012). A randomized trial of motivational interviewing to improve middle school students' academic performance. *Journal of Community Psychology*, 40(8), 1032-1039. https://doi.org/10.1002/jcop.21511
- Strait, G. G., Lee, E. R., McQuillin, S., Terry, J., Cebada, M., & Strait, J. E. (2017). The Student Check-Up: effects of paraprofessional-delivered Motivational Interviewing on academic outcomes. *Advances in School Mental Health Promotion*, 10(4), 250-264. https://doi.org/10.1080/1754730X.2017.1333915
- Strait, G, Turner, J., Stinson, D., Harrison, S., Bagheri, J., Perez, T., Smith, B., Gonzales, J., Anderson, J., Simpson, J., & McQuillin, S. (in press). Paraprofessionals use of group school-based instrumental mentoring: examining process and preliminary outcomes. *Psychology in the Schools*.
- Terry, J., Smith, B., Strait, G., & McQuillin, S. (2013). Motivational Interviewing to Improve Middle School Students' Academic Performance: A
 Replication Study. Journal of Community Psychology. 41(7) 902-909.
- Terry, J., **Strait, G.**, Smith, B., & McQuillin, S. (2014). Dosage Effects of Motivational Interviewing on Middle-School Students' Academic Performance: Randomized Evaluation of One versus Two Sessions. *Advances in School Mental Health Promotion, DOI:* 10.1080/1754730X.2013.851995
- Sue, D. W. (2001). Multidimensional facets of cultural competence. The counseling psychologist, 29(6), 790-821.
- Del Toro, J., & Wang, M. T. (2020). School Cultural Socialization and Academic Performance: Examining Ethnic-Racial Identity Development as a Mediator Among African American Adolescents. *Child development*.
- Wang, M., Smith, L. V., Miller-Cotto, D., & Huguley, J. P. (2019). <u>Parental Ethnic-Racial Socialization and Children of Color's Academic Success: A Meta-Analytic Review.</u> CHILD DEVELOPMENT. 91(3), e528-e544.
- World Health Organization. (2011, July 23). Task shifting: global recommendations and guidelines. World Health Organization. https://www.who.int/workforcealliance/knowledge/resources/taskshifting_guidelines/en/.



TRACCS



Training in Comprehensive, Culturally Affirming Services in School Psychology



TRACCS

- https://sites.edb.utexas.edu/traccs/
- UT Austin MA/SSP Program
 - PI: Dr. Sarah Kate Bearman; Co-PIs:Dr. Jessica O'Bleness and Dr. Mark Eddy
- Del Valle ISD
 - 98.8% meet Title 1 designation
 - 84.7% Hispanic/Latine
 - 50% of DVISD student parents were born outside the US
 - 44.3% of students are classified as emerging bilingual





Components of the Training Program

- Bi-weekly seminars
- Mental Health Professional Training Development Workshops
- Connections with TASP
- Practicum and Internship at Del Valle ISD
- Additional summer course covering assessment with emerging bilingual and English learners
- Resources to build resilience and prevent burnout



Bi-Weekly Seminars

- Opportunities to build connections with vertical team
- Reviewing relevant articles and engaging in discussions
- Invited guest speakers (this semester)
 - Dr. Janine Jones discussing culturally responsive mental health interviews
 - Dr. Monica Romero discussing mental health assessment with emerging bilingual students
 - Dr. Wendy Reinke and Dr. Keith Herman discussing rural mental health



Mental Health Professional Training Development Workshops

- Cognitive Behavioral Intervention for Trauma in Schools (CBITS)
 - Fall 2023
- Brief Intervention for School Clinicians (BRISC)
 - Spring 2024
- New trainings each semester!



Connections with TASP/NASP

- Trainee mentorship
- TASP Summer Institute (trainees and supervisors)
- Promoting the workshops through TASP for members
- TASP or NASP convention





Resources to Build Resilience and Prevent Burnout

- Resiliency training provided by the Center for Resiliency at Dell Children's Medical Center
- Access to monthly sessions with resiliency consultant
- TASP mentor



Additional Support for Trainees

- Stipends
- Tuition remission
- Health insurance
- Travel funds for TASP summer institute and TASP/NASP convention
- Laptop/iPad
- Stipend for TRACCS related books/manuals



Questions?

Jessica O'Bleness

jessica.obleness@austin.utexas.edu

Mariah Camper (GRA)

mcamper@utexas.edu



Abstract

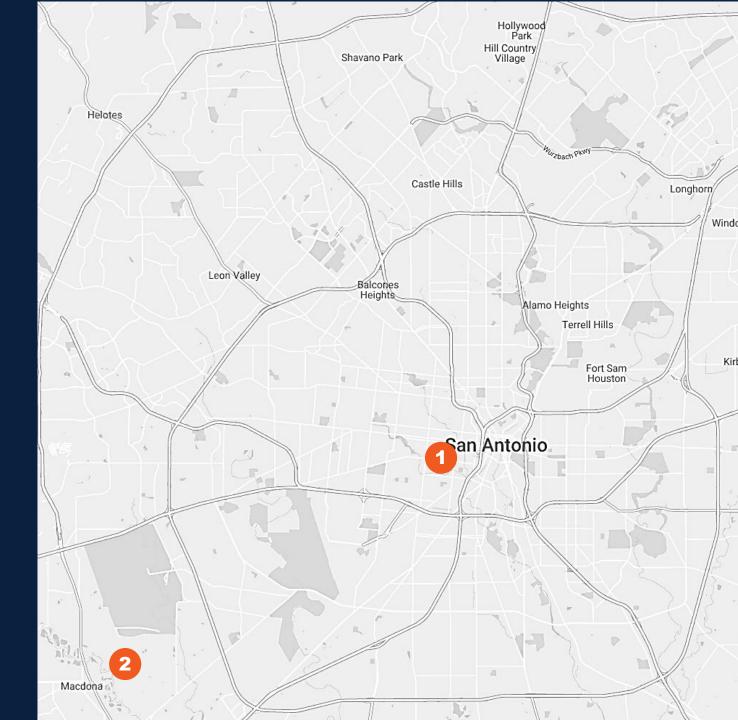
The University of Texas at San Antonio (UTSA; a Hispanic-Serving Institution) is collaborating with Southwest Independent School District (SWISD) to implement Project BEAMS (Behavioral, Emotional, and Mental Support for schools), an innovative school-based mental health partnership intended to increase the number and diversity of school psychologists and to expand the mental health programming at SWISD. The project goals will be met by establishing intensive assistantships in which school psychology graduate students will implement a two-year, multi-tiered system of supports model of mental health and social-emotional programming at five high-need SWISD schools serving a total of 4,723 students. Project BEAMS school psychology students will implement a variety of evidence-based activities via the partnership to address student needs (e.g., differential reinforcement, positive response, parent conference and training, positive reinforcement, behavior education programs, counseling, self-management, and modeling). Project BEAMS school psychology students will also implement larger-scale social-emotional learning curricula, mental health cognitive skills programs, and positive personal and cultural identity development programming. The effectiveness and inclusivity of the project activities will be enhanced via the Project BEAMS Mental Health Institute, a professional learning community – consisting of school psychology graduate students, SWISD staff, and service providers from a local mental health agency – which focuses on inclusive and culturally responsive mental health services. Over the duration of the project, 25 school psychology graduate students will complete the intensive assistantship, and each will be employed at high-need LEAs (including a significant proportion at SWISD).











Purpose

INCREASE THE NUMBER AND DIVERSITY OF SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGISTS AND EXPAND MENTAL HEALTH PROGRAMMING AT HIGH-NEED SCHOOLS

- → Collaboration between UTSA and Southwest Independent School District (SWISD)
- Goals will be met by establishing intensive assistantships in which school psychology graduate students will implement a two-year, multi-tiered system of supports model of mental health and social-emotional programming at high-need SWISD schools
- Goals will be met through implementation of the Project BEAMS Mental Health Institute, a professional learning community consisting of school psychology graduate students, SWISD staff, and service providers from a local mental health agency (Communities in Schools San Antonio)



GA Requirement and Financial Support

PARTICIPATION IN PROJECT BEAMS REQUIRES A COMMITMENT TO A 19-HOUR/WEEK GA POSITION FOR TWO YEARS

Funding

- → GA position is funded at \$20 per hour (year-round), AND
- ⇒ Up to \$14,000 towards tuition and fees, per year for up to two years
- Note: Financial support may not fully cover all tuition/fees, but it covers the vast majority
- >>> Tuition/fees support will not increase over the course of the support period
- Annual funding (January to December period) is contingent on grant renewal



Grant Obligations

COMMITMENT TO 2-YEAR GA POSITION (INCLUDING LOGS DEMONSTRATING WORK)

- >>> Remain in good academic standing in the school psychology program
- Maintain full-time enrollment in the school psychology program
- Commitment to work at SWISD or other designated high-need district for a school psychology internship position in the year after completing the Project BEAMS GA requirements (i.e., internship year)
- where Commitment to work at SWISD or other designated high-need district as a first-year school psychologist in the year after completing the school psychology internship (i.e., **first year** after graduation)



GA Activities

- Assist in implementing a variety of evidence-based activities via the SWISD partnership to address student needs
 - e.g., differential reinforcement, positive response, parent conference and training,
 positive reinforcement, behavior education programs, counseling, self-management,
 and modeling
- Assist in implementing larger scale social-emotional learning curricula, mental health cognitive skills programs, and positive personal and cultural identity development programming
- Assist in special education processes
 - e.g., evaluation, psychological reports, ARD/IEP meetings, IEP development, related services

GA Activities

Weekly Supervision

- Participate in weekly supervision with faculty advisors and fellow Project BEAMS students
- **NOTE:** supervision counts towards GA hours

Monthly Trainings

- Participate in monthly trainings and other professional development (e.g., self-paced online modules)
- NOTE: monthly trainings and professional development activities count towards GA hours



EVALUATION

Program Outcomes:

- 1. Reduce shortage of school psychologists in San Antonio and South Texas: All UTSA school psychology graduate students participating in Project BEAMS will be employed at high-need LEAs immediately following completion of the project assistantships (this will include 25 students for the duration of the grant).
- 2. Increase the number of diverse school-based mental health service specialist providers (i.e., school psychologists).
- 3. Increase access to services that are culturally responsive.
- 4. Expand the mental health service programming and impact at high-need schools.
- 5. Enhance school psychology students' competencies (e.g., knowledge of mental health approaches, collaboration with other mental health professionals, building partnerships with families, fidelity in implementing interventions, knowledge of culturally responsive interventions).



Questions?



Principal Investigator

Victor Villarreal, victor.villarreal@utsa.edu

Co-Principal Investigators

Felicia Castro-Villarreal, felicia.castrovillarreal@utsa.edu

John Davis, john.davis2@utsa.edu

Alan Meca, alan.meca@utsa.edu

Jeremy Sullivan, jeremy.sullivan@utsa.edu

OUR LADY OF THE LAKE UNIVERSITY

SAN ANTONIO • THE WOODLANDS • RIO GRANDE VALLEY • ONLINE

Mental Health Service Professionals





TASP Presentation November 3, 2023

Kristin O'Donnell, PhD., LSSP & Marlo Mitchell-Gonzalez, MS, LSSP
Our Lady of the Lake University

MHSP Grant Initiatives

 MHSP Collaboration between the University of Incarnate Word and Our Lady of the Lake University: Promoting Mental Health Services in School Based Settings

 MHSP: Collaboration between Our Lady of the Lake University and San Antonio Independent School

District: Con Cariño Grant



Promoting Mental Health Services in School-Based Settings

- Collaborative effort between the OLLU School Psychology program and the UIW Occupational Therapy Program
- Designed to increase mental health service provision in schools and create a trauma informed schools curriculum
- Allows for funding for practicum and internship for students in both programs & provides some incentive pay and training for supervisors in school districts

Goals of the MHSP: Promoting Mental Health Services in School-Based Settings Grant



Goal 1 – To increase the mental health capacities of South San and Southside ISD's by placing students from the OLLU School Psychology program and the UIW Occupational Therapy Doctorate program in school districts to increase the number of available mental health providers.

Goal 2 - Expands the capacity of South San and Southside ISD's to meet student mental health needs by working with the Community Resilience Initiative and a panel of experts to design high-quality, evidence-based trainings & certifications for school district educators to become Certified Trauma Educators.

Goal 3 – Expands the mental health capacities of South San and Southside ISD's to meet their students' needs by providing multi-tiered systems of support. This includes providi ng professional development training and mentorship for educators, group sessions for students, and individual therapy.

Goal 4 – Expands the mental health capacities of South San and Southside ISD's by increasing the number of school based mental health service providers who are from diverse backgrounds or the communities being served.

Goal 5 – Expands the mental health service capacities of South San and Southside ISD by providing **Certified Trauma** Informed Specialist Trainer courses to educators in both school districts, as well as staff and faculty from the OLLU School of Psychology Program and the UIW Occupational Therapy Doctorate Program.



Con Cariño: School Mental Health with Heart Grant

- Collaboration between OLLU School Psychology program and SAISD
- Designed to empower students, parents, and the community to increase student achievement, attendance, and improve self-esteem
- Practicum students receive a monthly stipend; licensure exam fee and study materials paid for based on commitment to SAISD for two years following graduation
- Considered for full-time employment after graduation and licensure



Con Cariño: School Mental Health with Heart Grant

- With supervision, School Psychology graduate practicum students will function as a mental health professional centering around the social- emotional and community factors that affect a student's overall success in assigned campus.
- With supervision, the practicum student's goal is to empower students, parents, and the community to increase student achievement, attendance and improve self-esteem.



Con Cariño: School Mental Health with Heart Grant Activities

Facilitate	Facilitate individual, group and family counseling sessions, including response to school wide crisis events	
Provide	Provide evidence-based interventions to develop social emotional skills and increase academic success	
Provide	Provide case management, consultation, collaboration, community referrals and program development	
Assess	Assess psychological needs and provide psychoeducation for students referred for social emotional support and mental health services	
Learn	Learn of and advocate based on federal laws to include, but not limited to FERPA, HIPPA, SPED, Title 1, McKinney-Vento, etc.	
Consult	Consult with campus administrators, teachers, and staff, regarding students' needs.	
Participate in	Participate in campus attendance committee, MTSS and other student support committees at the campus.	
Conduct	Conduct home visits and/or visits to community agencies, if permissible by the intern's university	

OUR LADY OF THE LAKE UNIVERSITY

Addressing the School Psychology Shortage Through University & School Based Partnerships

Dr. Nancy P. Razo, LSSP Professor of Practice, School Psychology Program Coordinator

> Dr. Suzanne Maniss Professor, Counseling

Dr. Noe Ramos, LSSP Associate Professor, School Psychology



U.S. Department of Education

Project MHS ACCESS: Accessing Mental Health Services

Funding Amount: \$5.7 Million Timeline: 1/1/23 – 12/31/27

Project MHS ACCESS 2: Accessing Mental Health Services

Funding Amount: \$5.6 Million Timeline: 4/1/23 – 3/31/28

Project MHS DGP: A Mental Health Initiative Demonstration Grant Program for Non-traditional Schools in the Rio Grande Valley

Funding Amount: \$5.8 Million Timeline: 4/1/23 – 3/31/28

Mental Health Service Professionals Demonstration Grants

GOAL:

Expand the capacity of twelve (overall) high-need LEAs in partnership with UTRGV to train School-Based Mental Health Service Professionals (SBMHSP), with a focus on expanding the number of these professionals available to address the shortages of SBMHSP in high-need schools.

Who are the SBMHSP?

Interns from School Psychology, Counseling and Social Work

Recommended Ratios for Mental Health Professionals

School Psychologists (LSSPs)

500:1

Counseling

250:1

Social Work

250:1

50:1 with special needs populations

School District FTEs and Ratios for Mental Health Professionals During the 2020–2021 School Year

	Total Students	LSSP	Ratio	School Counselor	Ratio	Social Worker	Ratio
State of Texas	5,479,179	2089.7	2622:1	13,864	395:1	1038.2	5278:1
Region One	439,044	117.01	3752:1	1278.9	343:1	153.54	2859:1

Mental Health Service Professionals Demonstration Grants

MHS ACCESS LEAS:

- Edcouch Elsa ISD
- Harlingen ISD
- McAllen ISD
- Mission CISD
- PSJA ISD
- Sharyland ISD

MHS ACCESS 2 LEAs:

- Laredo ISD
- Mercedes
- United ISD
- Valley View ISD

MHS DGP LEAs:

- IDEA Public Schools
- South Texas ISD

Mental Health Service Professionals Demonstration Grants

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Increase the number of qualified SBMHSP. (50 per year total)
- 2. Increase the number of qualified SBMHSP in high-need LEAs who are from diverse backgrounds or from communities served by high need LEAs.
- 3. Provide evidence-based pedagogical practices to increase the number of mental health providers who provide inclusive practices in mental health services regarding race, ethnicity, culture, language, disability, and for students who identify as LGBTQIA+ in order to create safe environments for students.
- 4. Increase the number of qualified SBMHSP in high-need LEAs who are prepared to improve K-12 students' positive mental health.